

TWELVE TO FACE TRIAL IN COCCHI CASE



The Evening



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THOUSANDS OF GERMAN SPIES IN U.S., BRITISH SAY OFFICIALLY

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY SUFFERS GREATEST DEFEAT SINCE REPULSE AT VERDUN

Sacrifices Thousands in Vain Effort to Capture Heights in Champagne.

BRITISH MENACE FLANK.

Haig's Advance in Flanders Places Teuton Lines in Grave Danger.

PARIS, July 6.—While the latest advance of Sir Douglas Haig's troops near Hellebecq, in Flanders, is seriously menacing the German right flank in Belgium, the Crown Prince, under orders from Hindenburg, is attempting, without the vestige of success, to recoup his losses against the French on the Chemin-des-Dames (Road of the Ladies).

Frederich Wilhelm is meeting the bloodiest repulse he has suffered since Gen. Petain, his back against the wall at Verdun, announced to the world that the Germans "should not pass."

The Crown Prince, beginning on July 4, has thrown his "special assaulting troops" against the French positions on the Chemin-des-Dames, in Champagne.

Mowed down almost to a man by the fearful French barrage and machine gun fire, the German Kaiser's son, utterly regardless of the loss the men suffer, is continuing to sacrifice them on the altar of his inordinate greed for military honors.

GERMANS HAVE NOT ADVANCED ONE FOOT YET.

Along the eleven mile front the Germans are still struggling to advance, but they have not gained a foot nor taken a prisoner, and to-day the French lines, intact, are held by soldiers who do not believe the whole German army can dislodge them from their positions on the most prized high observation ground in Champagne. As if to vent their spleen for their defeat, the Germans have just dumped 400 more shells into Rheims and killed a few civilians.

It is the Associated Press correspondent at French Headquarters who describes the battle as the German's biggest effort since their great offensive at Verdun. They were thrown back everywhere, he says, leaving the ground thickly strewn with their dead. They failed to take even one French soldier prisoner.

The Germans came forward everywhere in the closest formation and in successive waves, preceded by the famous "shock" troops, who were mowed down by the French fire. At the first onslaught in the vicinity of Cerny and on the Calonne Plateau the French were obliged to give way, but their yielding was only momentary, and a counter attack remedied the slight dent immediately, and in addition gave them possession of some German trenches in the vicinity of Cerny, which they held.

GERMAN INFANTRY SEEMS TO HAVE LOST ITS DASH.

The German infantry appeared to have all the dash taken out of them by the French defense, and made no attempt to regain the ground lost by the French reaction. Their artillery, however, maintained a sweeping fire, but its effects were minimized by the enemy's lack of observation posts.

Last night's official report says: "There was artillery activity north of

Germans Killed Up to March Put At 1,500,000

PARIS, June 6. THE TOTAL NUMBER of Germans killed from the beginning of the war to March, 1917, is not less than 1,500,000, according to an estimate reached by French Headquarters.

This computation has been made after careful study of documents bearing on the subject.

From April 15 to June 30 the French and British troops on the western front captured 65,222 prisoners, including 1,378 officers, says an official summary of the operations issued to-day. The war material taken in the same period includes 600 guns, 500 trench mortars and 1,318 machine guns.

HENRY FIELD BETTER AFTER LUNG OPERATION

Grandson of Chicago Millionaire Operated On in Presbyterian Hospital Here.

Henry Field, who inherited an immense fortune from the estate of his grandfather, the late Marshall Field of Chicago, is in Presbyterian Hospital recovering from an operation for an abscess of the lung. His brother, Marshall Field 4d, will arrive to-day from Chicago.

The operation was apparently successful, and the young man's condition was to-day reported satisfactory. He was taken to the hospital five weeks ago, but his malady did not respond to treatment. Previously he had undergone an operation for removal of the tonsils. Yesterday it was decided the other operation would be necessary, and Dr. Adrian Van S. Lambert performed it.

Henry Field is the younger son of Marshall Field 3d. He was married last Feb. 7 to Miss Nancy Keen Perkins, daughter of Mrs. T. Moncre Perkins of Richmond, Va.

STUDIED A CHASER OF U BOATS; HELD AS A SPY

Prisoner Declares He Thought the Little Vessel Was a Pleasure Craft.

A man suspected of being a German spy is being held in \$5,000 bail in Brooklyn for examination next Tuesday. He said he was Henry Bach, twenty-two, of No. 122 India Street, Greenpoint, a machine assembler by trade.

Bach was found Wednesday evening by a private of the Forty-seventh Regiment, on sentry duty at the College Point Boat Corporation's plant at College Point, L. I., examining a U boat chaser under construction there. Bach said he thought it was a pleasure craft. He was charged with violating the Espionage Act of June 15.

12 POLICEMEN TO FACE TRIAL IN CRUGER CASE

Department to Act Next Week—Grand Jury Takes Up Criminal Charges.

Twelve policemen will be put on trial next week for their parts in the handling of the Ruth Cruger case, according to Police Commissioner Woods.

The list comprises those previously recommended for trial by Commissioner Wallstein, as well as Acting Captain Cooper, Lieut. Theodore Miller and Detective Edward J. Dillon. The names of the last three were sent the Commissioner by Mr. Wallstein yesterday as his final official act before "fading away," as he expressed it.

Witnesses to-day before the Grand Jury whose investigation superseded Mr. Wallstein's, probably will be Henry D. Cruger, the dead girl's father, and Deputy Police Commissioner Guy Scull. The only witnesses heard yesterday were Commissioner Woods and Mr. Wallstein, the latter being called to identify certain records and give evidence in the perjury charge against Lieut. William Browne. Commissioner Woods was excused after being questioned for two hours, but will be called again later.

Some of those connected with the Cruger case face the possibility of indictment under section 184 or section 187 of the Penal Law, which set forth that a public officer, or one charged with any public duty, who willfully neglects or omits to perform any duty, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Mr. Swann made it plain that, except for the case of Lieut. Browne, who is accused of having sworn falsely before Commissioner Wallstein, these are the sections under which he expects to proceed.

The letter of Commissioner Wallstein stated that Lieut. Miller, after getting a report at 9:30 P. M. on Feb. 13 that Ruth Cruger had been missing since 2 o'clock, neglected to enter the fact at the time and also failed to report the case to the Fourth Branch.

Mr. Wallstein accused Dillon of negligence in that "he failed to make a complete and adequate search" of the Cocchi premises.

Regarding Dillon's search of the steamship Verli, on which the District Attorney believes Cocchi sailed, Mr. Wallstein's letter said:

"Should further investigation establish that Alfred Cocchi sailed on the Giuseppe Verdi, Patrolman Dillon should also be placed on trial for gross negligence in failing to ascertain this fact."

Regarding Acting Captain Cooper, the letter said that he omitted to supervise properly the search for Ruth Cruger "in that he failed to cause a complete and adequate search to be made of the premises occupied by a motorboat repair shop at which Ruth Cruger had last been seen alive, as Acting Captain Cooper well knew, or to ascertain that a complete and adequate search of those premises had not been made; and in that with knowledge of facts sufficient to have indicated the requirement of such a search he failed and neglected to have Alfred Cocchi kept under surveillance from and after the morning of Feb. 15.

George J. Gould Jr. Weds Niece of Jersey Farmer; None of Family Present

Motors With Bride and Witnesses to Philadelphia for Ceremony.

George J. Gould Jr. and his pretty bride, who were quietly married in Philadelphia yesterday, are spending to-day dodging visitors at Ardara, near Freehold, N. J. When Mrs. Gould was Miss Laura M. Carter she knew everybody in her home town, and the populace is inclined to call and offer congratulations. The flight of the young couple for a honeymoon attended by less publicity is expected hourly.

The wedding took place at the home of the officiating clergyman, the Rev. William D. Chalfonte of No. 147 North Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia. No member of the bridegroom's family was present. Young Mrs. Gould, however, said to-day that Mr. Gould senior knew of the marriage plans. George Gould Jr. was the only member of his family present at the marriage of his brother, Kingston, and Miss Annunziata Camilla Maria Lucio, an artist, in the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral here three days ago.

The only witnesses of the Gould-Carter wedding were Mrs. E. J. Callahan of Ardara, the bride's aunt; Dixon Callahan, her cousin, and Dr. George A. Coleman, an old friend, in obtaining the license Mr. Gould gave his occupation as clerk and his age as twenty-one. Miss Carter said that was her age also.

The bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Carter, are both dead. Mr. Carter was a New York business man. For seventeen years he has lived with Mr. and Mrs. Callahan. She is a graduate of Freehold High School, and an accomplished dancer. She and Mr. Gould became acquainted at an informal tea in Freehold two years ago. They have been engaged three months. The Gould family, according to the new Mrs. Gould, offered no objection to the match. The elder Goulds are understood now to be at Furlough Lodge in the Catskills.

"It was not until a week ago that we decided to be married at once," said Mrs. Gould. "We are both Episcopals, and my family suggested that we be married by Mr. Chalfonte."

Mrs. Gould was asked whether Kingston Gould and his bride had been informed of the ceremony.

"Not yet," she smiled. "They are on their honeymoon."

It is said the wedding may have been hurried by the war. Although not enlisted in any branch of the service, young Gould is old enough to come under the conscription. As is demanded of all male applicants between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-one, he was asked to show his registration certificate and produced it.

In Ardara the Callahans have lived for seven years, having moved there from New York, where the Carters also lived. In Freehold it is said the Callahans mingled much with the wealthy social set. At Lakewood, however, they are less well known, although Miss Carter lately has been seen often with George J. Gould Jr. He had made many visits to the Callahan farm.

These visits led to reports of a prospective marriage and expectations of a formally announced engagement and wedding. Those who held such expectations expressed the opinion that Kingston's marriage hastened young Gould's decision.

He is the fifth child of George J. Gould. The others are Kingston, Jay, Marjorie, Helen Vivian, Edith and Gloria. Their mother, before her marriage, was Edith Kingston, an actress. The youngest Gould boy, like his brothers, entered Columbia. His freshman year was 1914-1915. He and his wife have one point in common in their cultural training. Both of them received a painstaking musical education. He studied the violin under Henry P. Schmidt of the Philharmonic. Both his father and mother gave the strictest personal attention to his bringing to and his education was supplemented by travel abroad.

SENATE VOTES ON FOOD CONTROL BILL EARLY NEXT WEEK

Prohibition Amendments Will Probably Be Disposed Of To-Morrow.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Food Control Bill will be disposed of before next Wednesday, according to the best informed members of the Senate.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon, the Senate will begin a struggle over the vexatious question of liquor. A vote on the prohibition amendments will be taken to-morrow, at the latest.

This was decided upon at a lengthy session last night, during which the "wets" and "drys" fought over Senator Chamberlain's request for a unanimous agreement to dispose of this problem.

The agreement provides that this afternoon the Senate will begin consideration of the "dry" amendment written into the Food Control Bill by the Senate Committee on Agriculture as a substitute for the drastic "bone dry" provision inserted in the House, which prohibits the use of food and feeds in the manufacture of distilled, brewed and vinified beverages.

The Senate Committee Amendment, which was framed by Senator Gore of Oklahoma, prohibits the manufacture from food products of distilled liquors and leaves the President to determine whether the exigencies of the war demand the enforcement of a similar embargo against beers and wines.

It is between this amendment and that proposed by Senator Chamberlain the Senate will choose. The Chamberlain provision merely prohibits the manufacture of distilled spirits from foodstuffs, but makes no mention of wine or beer.

These two amendments, with the section of the bill authorizing the President to commandeer distilled spirits if necessary to meet war requirements, constitute the three features of the bill relating to the liquor problem before the Senate. The only question that body will be called on to settle is whether the Gore or Chamberlain propositions will best accomplish the plan favored by the Government.

The commandeering feature probably will be retained in the bill. Inasmuch as it will not be necessary for the President to enforce the provisions of it for the present, there will be little or no objection to it.

The debate to-day will be under the ten-minute rule, though it is expectedly agreed no Senator shall make more than a five-minute speech on efforts to change the Gore amendment, which will be the basis for the final decision of the Senate on the "dry" question.

There is a feeling of confidence among Senators to-day that when the liquor provision has been disposed of little time will be lost in moving to a disposition of the Food Bill.

BOB GARDNER GOING TO WAR.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Robert A. Gardner, formerly national amateur golf champion and one of Yale's best known graduates in recent years, has applied for admittance to the United States military training camp at Leon Springs, Tex., Aug. 27.

With Gardner will go his wife, Paul Gardner, at one time Western college athlete tennis champion and a holder of more than ordinary ability.

"Partridge" personally induced by Manager McDonald. HALL, next week. Adv.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU, 400 Broadway, New York. Adv.

RIGID RESTRICTION TO BE PUT ON ALL SUBJECTS OF KAISER AS RESULT OF U-BOAT PLOTS

Liberty and Actions of Enemy Aliens to Be Vastly Curtailed—Betrayal of Confidence to Be Punished as in England.

BERLIN HAS ITS FRIENDS IN BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS

By Martin Green.

(Special Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.) WASHINGTON, July 6.—Now that the first unit of the American expedition to France is located at its destination, after a perilous voyage, official Washington is concerned mostly over spies and consorship. Even the question of food conservation, passing through the slow grinding of Senatorial courtesy and hot air, is submerged in the discussion of how we are to take care of the German spies in our midst and fasten upon press and business communications between this country and Europe a Governmental supervision which will, it is hoped, keep the hostile forces in Europe in ignorance of our military movements and intentions.

Official Washington has been informed, within twenty-four hours, from British sources, that this country harbors thousands of German spies. Our Government has been told that conditions here at this time are analogous to conditions which existed in England two months after Germany declared war in 1914. There is the difference that the German population of the United States is immeasurably larger than was the German population of England three years ago and that the pro-Kaiser element in our population is aided and encouraged, financially and otherwise, by elements which would sacrifice the interests of the United States in this war if Great Britain could be conquered by Germany.

In some quarters the prominence of the spy question, as it is considered in Governmental circles, is called "hygiene." The War Department and the State Department and the Secret Service organizations of the Department of State and the Department of Justice are not hysterical. They are methodical and painstaking, bent on giving everybody a chance, but there is no doubt that within a very short time orders must issue which will restrict and confine the liberties and actions of subjects of the Kaiser resident in this country.

SHIPYARD TIE-UP AVERTED; WORKERS' PAY INCREASED

Appeal to Patriotism Brings Concessions, Federal Mediator Announces.

Despite the statement by Rowland B. Mahany, mediator for the Federal Department of Labor, that an appeal to patriotism has removed the danger of a general shipyard strike at this port, E. J. Deering, business agent of the Machinists' Union, declares 10,000 more men will go out to-day unless their demands are granted.

According to Mr. Mahany, who has conferred with the men direct and with the employers through the National Metal Trades Association, the sole question is now one of wages and there is every prospect the men and the employers will get together amicably.

Deering accuses the companies of still being unwilling to arbitrate the wage issue. Henry C. Hunter, Secretary of the Trades Association, responds that the companies intend to follow their original policy, which is to deal directly with the men and not with their representatives or unions.

Mr. Mahany, however, says the recognition of the union does not now enter into the controversy.

\$15 Men's Blue Serge Suits, \$9.95. The "HUB" Clothing Corner, Broadway, corner Barclay Street (Opp. Woolworth Building), will sell to-day & Saturday 1,200 men's & young men's Royal Blue Serge Suits, also browns, greens, greys and fancy mixed; single or double breasted, pinched or belted backs, slash or patch pockets; very latest modish cuts and styles. Our special offer for to-day & Saturday \$9.95. Open Saturday night till 10. Hub Clothiers, Broadway, corner Barclay Street. Adv.